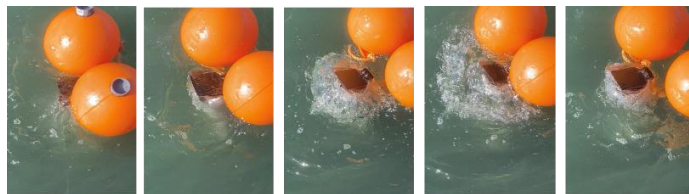
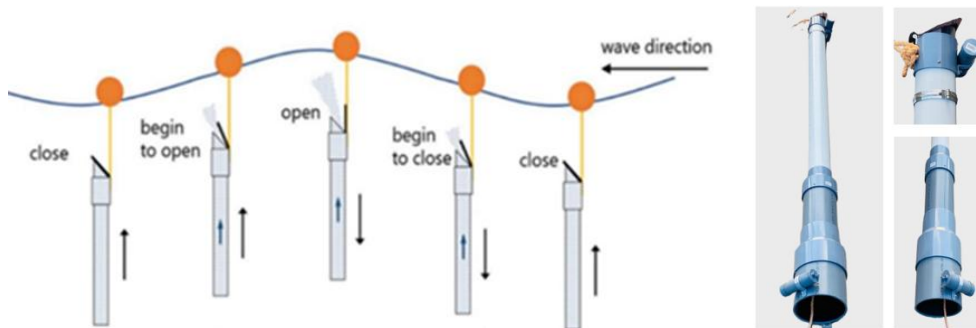


# Wave-Actuated Upwelling Pump

A Zero-Energy Approach to Coastal SST Cooling and Marine Heatwave Adaptation

## How it Works

- ① Waves move the float
- ② Check valves pump water upward
- ③ Healthy Cooling Water Layer (~5 m)
- ④ Surface cooling + ecosystem protection



HCWL Research  
 ↓  
 Selective Upwelling  
 ↓  
 Wave-Actuated Pump  
 ↓  
 Marine Heatwave Mitigation

## HCWL: Healthy Cooling Water Layer

A shallow subsurface layer that can cool the surface while maintaining ecosystem safety.

### Why 5 m? ←

- ✓ Cooling effect ←
- ✓ Dissolved oxygen ←
- ✓ Biological productivity ←
- ✓ Ecosystem safety ←

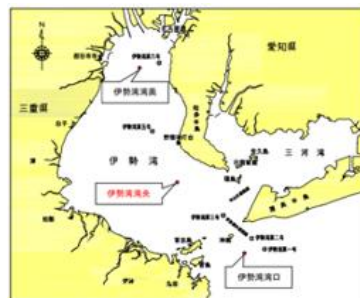


Figure 1. Physical Environment  
Temperature, DO and Salinity

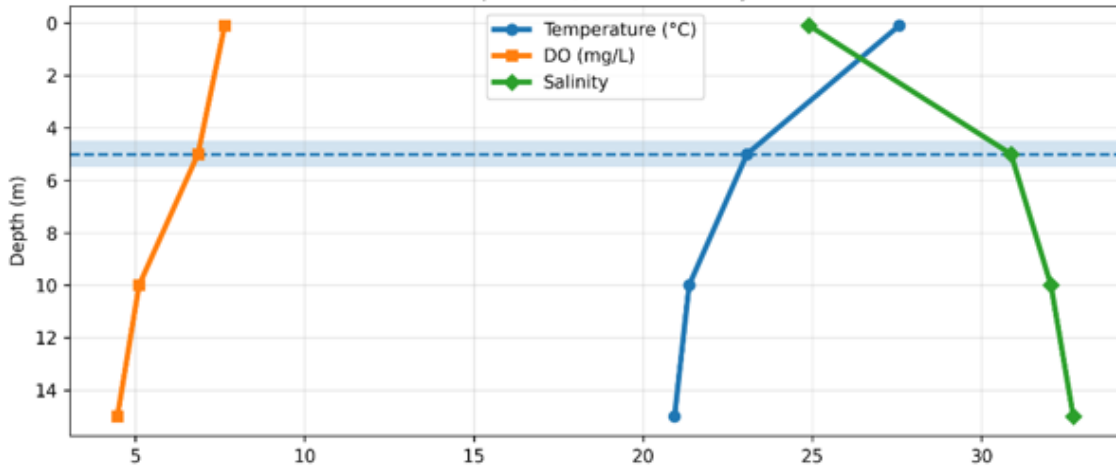
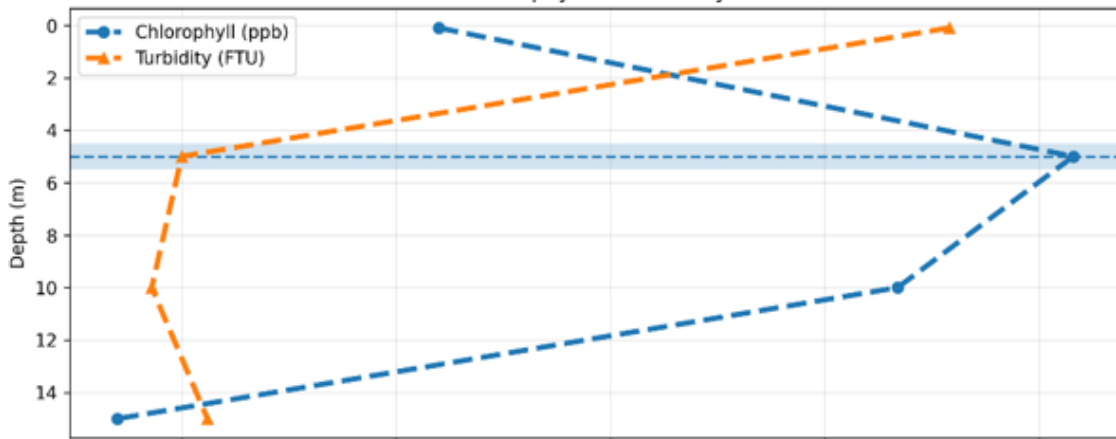


Figure 2. Biological Environment  
Chlorophyll and Turbidity



5 m layer: -4.5°C cooling, DO=6.85 mg/L, Peak Chlorophyll=3.08 ppb, Low Turbidity=1.00 FTU, Stable Salinity=30.87



Upwelling Pump



ESCOT Website

